

The Lake Eric Regional Grape Program



Crop Update January 25, 2018



Building Strong and Vibrant New York Communities
Diversity and Inclusion are a part of Cornell University's heritage. We are a recognized employer and educator valuing AA/EEO, Protected Veterans, and Individuals with Disabilities.

Registration for LERGP has been underway for a few months but I am still missing some enrollments. Please don't leave us, we have another great year of programming planned and want to share it with you!

I have included a link to a printable form to mail in and a link to use to enroll on-line. If you have questions about the enrollment process, you can call the CCE office in Jamestown at 716-664-9502.



ENROLLING IS AS EASY AS...
1, 2, 3!

Link for on-line enrollment- can pay with a credit card

http://chautauqua.cce.cornell.edu/agriculture/agriculture-program-subscription



Link for printable mail in form:

http://chautauqua.cce.cornell.edu/resources/agriculture-program-subscription-2018

Other dates of interest:

Tuesday, February 6, 2018 -Farm Credit Meeting Cornell Cooperative Extension Building, 4487 Lake Ave. Lockport NY 14094 Juice Grape Grower Session will be held from 9:00am-11:30AM Winery Session will be held from 1:00pm-3:30PM

Thursday, February 15- 10:00am- Reporting Session for Projects and Proposals Location: CLEREL

Wednesday, March 14, 2018- LERGP Winter Grower Conference William's Center, SUNY Fredonia

Wednesday, March 28, 2018-Core Pesticide Training and License test-see info in Crop Update Location: CLEREL

2018

Winter Grape Grower Conference Wednesday, March 14, 2018

William's Center-SUNY Fredonia Campus 8:00am-4:00pm

Use the printable registration form on page 4 or

Register On-line!

https://lergp.cce.cornell.edu/event_preregistration.php?event=335



2018 Lake Erie Regional Grape Program Growers' Conference March 14, 2018 Williams Center SUNY at Fredonia Campus

Agenda

6:30 AM	Tradeshow set up begins
7:00 AM	Registration and Tradeshow open
7:50 AM	Welcome
8:00 - 9:00 AM	Ensuring Vine/Crop Load Balance Terry Bates, LERGP, Cornell University
9:00 – 9:30 AM	Climate Influences on Concord Grape Phenology, Berry Weight and Berry Composition Golnaz Badr, LERGP, Cornell University
9:30 – 10:00 AM	Change Your Name, Make More Money. Kevin Martin, LERGP, Penn State University
10:00 – 10:30 AM	Break
10:30 – 11:30 AM	Update on Changes to the Worker Protection Standard Regulations Michael Nierenberg, NYS Department of Environmental Conservation
11:30 – Noon	Why Were My Leaves Black? Andy Muza, LERGP, Penn State University

Noon- 1:30 PM Lunch and Visit Tradeshow

Adjourn

3:45 PM

Breakout sessions held from 1:30 – 2:30 PM and 2:45 to 3:45 PM

Breakout Session 1 1:30 – 2:00 PM	Integrated Pest Management Disease Management Update Bryan Hed, LERGP, Penn State University
2:00 – 2:30 PM	Insect Management Update Jody Timer, LERGP, Penn State University
2:45 – 3:45 PM	How to legally spray Concord grapes without a respirator – a response to the updated WPS regulations. Tim Weigle, LERGP, NYS IPM Program, Andy Muza, Bryan Hed and Jody Timer, LERGP, Penn State University
Breakout Session 2 1:30 – 2:30 PM	Variable Rate Management/Efficient Vineyard Topic and Speaker(s) to be determined
2:45 – 3:45 PM	Topic and Speaker(s) to be determined

LAKE ERIE REGIONAL GRAPE PROGRAM 2018 GRAPE GROWERS' CONFERENCE REGISTRATION FORM

SUNY Fredonia Williams Center Wednesday, March 14, 2018 Deadline for registration is Friday, March 2, 2018.

Name (1 st attendee)		\$	
Farm Name			
Address, City, State, Zip Code			
Phone	E-mail		
Are you enrolled in Lake Erie Re	gional Grape Program (LERGP)? Yes	No	
	REGISTRATION FEES		
LERGP Member 1st attendee			\$ 50.00
Additional attendee on same	farm		
Non- member			\$100.00
Additional Attendees:		\$	*Please add a \$25.00 late fee for each reservation made after March 2, 2018
		\$	
		\$	
		\$	TOTAL \$
Please make check payable to LE (<i>US funds only</i>)	RGP (Lake Erie Regional Grape Progra	am) and mail t	o: Kate Robinson LERGP 6592 W Main Rd Portland NY 14769
Name	NY DEC/PA PDA NUME	BER	
Name	NY DEC/PA PDA NUME	BER	
Name	NY DEC/PA PDA NUMB	SER	
Date Ck. Rec'd Amoun	<u>t</u> Call Kate at 716-792-2	2800 ext 201 v	with any questions.

Business Managem

Kevin Martin, Penn State University, LERGP, Business Management Educator

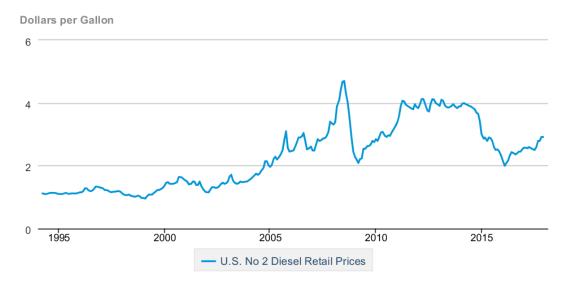
2018 Input Costs

Fairly low commodity prices have been allowing the industry to sustain low juice grape prices for as long as it has. For the most part, it appears those low commodity prices will continue to 2018.

Fertilizer prices have been jumping up and down the past couple of years but the pricing and volatility remains calm compared to a decade ago. Overall, a farm that needs to invest in a typical basket of fertilizer will not spend significantly more than last year. Individual results may vary. A specific nutrient or trucking expense could result in higher fertilizer prices for certain farms with specific needs.

Fuel and trucking costs are a notable exception to low commodity prices. Currently diesel prices remain 40% lower than peak prices in 2008. However, they've increased nearly 50% in the last year. Since 2008 many large farms in the region have grown. Those large vineyards have shifted costs from labor to mechanized practices. Tier 4 engines are starting to become more commonplace. Larger multi-row equipment is also covering more acres on these farms. In general, the number of gallons of fuel per acre has increased somewhat. A 50% increase in fuel cost will likely be noticed, particularly by mechanized growers. For a historical look at retail diesel prices, take a look at figure 1. EIA does not track the cost of off-road diesel but the price of both products tend to follow very similar patterns.

U.S. No 2 Diesel Retail Prices



IPM

Tim Weigle, NYSIPM, Cornell University, LERGP Team Leader

Your Opinion is Important!

How many times have you heard that prior to someone asking you to participate in a survey? Well, I do not want to disappoint by not following up and offering you the chance to provide your input on the Network for Environment and Weather Applications (NEWA).

I know that surveys have become the bane of many people's existence but I will tell you that they are very important when



it comes to writing grants and planning educational activities. A lot of the programming put on by the Lake Erie Regional Grape Program and the NYS IPM Program is possible due to funding through grants from external sources like the Lake Erie Processor group (National Grape, Constellation Brands and Walker's Fruit Basket) as well as, state and federal sources. These groups typically fund projects that address priorities developed by growers and members of the industry. That is why your input is so valuable. Please take a few minutes to fill out the 5-question survey found at the following link.

NEWA Survey 2018

I thank you in advance for your participation in the survey.

If you have any questions, please contact Tim Weigle at thw4@cornell.edu

PA Update

Andy Muza, Extension Educator, Penn State

"Good Bugs vs Bad: Using Biological Controls in Spotted Wing Drosophila Management,"

Spotted Wing Drosophila (SWD) is an invasive pest that has challenged producers of berries and cherries across the United States and around the world in recent years. A team of researchers from across the United States has been collaborating to improve management of spotted wing Drosophila. A key component of the project is to learn the role of biological control in controlling spotted wing Drosophila and to discover new biocontrol agents.

"Good Bugs vs Bad: Using Biological Controls in SWD Management," is a **free webinar that will be offered** on February 23, 2018 from 12 - 1 PM. This webinar will include an overview of the project, an update on the native biocontrol agents that have been found in surveys at farms from Oregon to Maine, and the latest information on their search for parasitic wasps from Asia.

This webinar is free and open to all thanks to funding from the USDA Specialty Crop Research Initiative.

Register with your name and email address by selecting the "CTRL" key and clicking on:

Good Bugs vs Bad: Using Biological Controls in SWD Management.

Viticulture

Jacqueline Dresser, LERGP Viticulture Extension Support Specialist

New kids on the block: Elvira, St. Vincent and Ives

Diversification is not a concept reserved for a stock portfolio. As the word "surplus" is becoming annually associated with Concord juice, growers may be thinking about what other varieties may be well suited to the region and hold promise for marketing potential. Three varieties have been gaining attention locally, Elvira, St. Vincent and Ives. New plantings of Ives and St. Vincent at CLEREL should be coming into production in the next couple of years, enabling research to share with the Lake Erie grower community. To view our podcast about the new plantings, click here-community. To view our podcast about the new plantings, click here-community.

The cultivar Elvira (*Vitis riparia*), comes from a cross between Taylor and Martha (Vitis riparia x Vitis labrusca hybrid) and was first planted in Missouri in 1863, bearing fruit in 1869¹. It is a popular white variety for bulk wine production and ripens at about the same time as Concord, with similar cold hardiness. The vines tend to be vigorous and set heavy crops which may require thinning to bring the vines into balance and prevent degradation of vine size over time². Berries are medium sized and prone to cracking as they ripen, due to their delicate skins. If harvested early in the harvest window, Elviras may be used in lower-acid blends to bring up acidity. On their own, Elvira grapes produce light and fruit forward wines with slight foxy notes¹. Clusters are medium sized with a single shoulder and compact, which increases their susceptibility to Botrytis and black rot. Crown gall, downy mildew and powdery mildew are larger threats for Elviras than Phomopsis and Eutypa dieback³. Overall, cultivation practices resemble that of other riparia varieties, so they are a viable option to consider for new plantings without considerable operational changes.

Ives (*Vitis labrusca x unknown*), named for its breeder, Henry Ives, produces black grapes typically used to introduce color in red wines, jellies and juices. It was first released in 1850 and was popular for use in port-style wines after prohibition. Wines produced from Ives share some of the characteristics of Concord wines, with foxy notes and deep red color. These vines track similarly to Concord throughout the season in terms of phenology but tend to ripen slightly earlier. They can be trained to a high wire trellis system. The major limitation to Ives production is in its sensitivity to increasing air pollution⁵.

St. Vincent (est. *Vitis vinifera*) was an accidental cultivar found near a recently removed row of Pinot Noir (*Vitis vinifera*) in Missouri with Chambourcin (*Vitis vinifera*) vines growing nearby. Despite those clues, its parentage is not explicitly known. Though its discovery was reported in 1973, St. Vincent did not appear on the list of approved grape variety names until 2006⁴. Berries are large and deep purple or blue in color, in loose clusters (weighing an average of 0.41lbs in research trials) that are only slightly sensitive to Botrytis bunch rot and black rot and moderately susceptible to powdery and downy mildews. A ten year trial at Southwest Missouri State University presented 18.6°Brix, 3.09pH and 10.3g/L titratable acidity averages for St. Vincent⁴. It is moderately cold hardy and has been grown in New York state on high wire trellis, either own-rooted or grafted to rootstock.

^{**}see photo and credits on next page**



Elvira, Ives and St. Vincent, Taken from <u>Double A Vineyards</u>

- ¹Hedrick, U.P., Booth, N.O., Taylor, O.M., R. Wellington and M.J. Dorsey. 1908. The Grapes of New York: Report of the New York agricultural experiment station for the year 1907. J.B. Lyon Company, Albany, New York.
- ²Bradt, O.A., R. F. Crowther, G. Hostetter, A. Neff, J. Monroe, and R. Moyer. circa 1975. Grape cultivar descriptive catalog. The Ontario Grape Research Committee. Vineland, Ontario, Canada.
- ³Reisch, B.I., Pool, R.M., Peterson, D.V., Martens, M.H. and Henick-Kling, T. 2000. Wine and juice grape varieties for cool climates. Information Bulletin 233. Cornell Cooperative Extension.
- ⁴Smiley, L., Domoto, P., Nonnecke, G. and Miller, W. 2008. Cold climate cultivars: A review of cold climate grape cultivars. Iowa State University, Ames, IA, USA.
- ⁵J. Robinson, J. Harding, J. and Vouillamoz, J. 2013. Wine Grapes A complete guide to 1,368 vine varieties, including their origins and flavours. Penguin, UK.



Cornell and Penn State Cooperative Extension Lake Erie Regional Grape Program

6592 West Main Rd, Portland, NY 14769 662 N. Cemetery Road, North East, PA 16428-2902 850 East Gore Road, Erie, PA 16509-3798 716-792-2800 814-725-4601 814-825-0900

"CORE" Pesticide Training and Pesticide Applicators License Exam March 28, 2018 Cornell Lake Erie Research and Extension Laboratory (CLEREL) 6592 West Main Road Portland, NY 14769

Space is limited ---Pre-registration is required for both sessions

CORE TRAINING

WHEN: Wednesday, March 28, 2018 from 9 AM to 12:15 PM

WHERE: CLEREL Meeting room

COST: \$15

3.0 Pesticide recertification credits in the CORE category have been applied for.

The CORE training session is also designed as a review prior to taking the Commercial or Private Pesticide Applicator exam but is not required prior to taking the exam.

Preregistration for the training using the enclosed course registration form is required by March 26, 2017.

Or sign up on-line at https://lergp.cce.cornell.edu

Questions on the training session should be directed to Kate at (716) 792-2800 ext 201

PRIVATE AND COMMERICIAL NYS PESTICIDE EXAMINATIONS

WHEN: 1 PM

WHERE: CLEREL Meeting room

COST: \$100

REGISTRATION: NYS Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) requires you to register for entrance to the exam session with the Buffalo DEC office at (716) 851-7220.

DEADLINE for registration to take the test is March 9, 2018. To register, call the DEC at (716) 851-7220. You will then be sent an exam application form and test instructions by the DEC.

Any questions about your eligibility to take an exam or the status of your current certification should be directed to the Buffalo DEC office at (716) 851-7220.

Commercial Applicators: You will need the "Core Manual" and the category manual for the area(s) in which you will be certifying.

Private Applicators: You will need to get the "Core Manual" plus the private category manual for the area in which you will be certifying.

CORE and category training manuals are available through the Cornell Store by calling (800) 624-4080 or the web-site link: http://store.cornell.edu/c-876-manuals.aspx

Ouestions on Pesticide Examinations should be directed to the NYS DEC at (716) 851-7220.

2018 CORE PESTICIDE TRAINING REGISTRATION FORM Wednesday March 28, 2018

Space is limited – pre-registration is required.

To register for the training, fill out and return registration form to:

ATTN: Kate
Lake Erie Regional Grape Program
CLEREL
6592 West Main Road
Portland, NY 14769

Name(s)

Address

Phone

Number attending

Registration and payment by Monday, March 26, 2018 (\$15 per person)

Make Checks Payable to: Lake Erie Regional Grape Program

IMPORTANT: This registration is for the CORE training session only.

If you wish to take the exam for a NYS DEC Pesticide Applicator's License you must contact the Buffalo office of the NYS DEC by calling Mike Nierenberg or Shaun Conrad at (716) 851-7220 no later than March 9, 2018 to provide ample time for them to provide you with an exam application form and test instructions.



INSURING GRAPES

NY, 2017

Crop insurance is a safety net for farmers that helps you **manage risk**. If you have a crop failure, crop insurance can help you farm again next year.

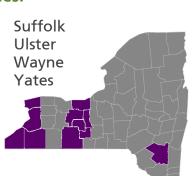
Important Insurance Deadlines

- Aug. 15, 2017: Premium Billing Date
- Nov. 20, 2017: Sales Closing, Policy Change, Cancellation, Termination Date
- Nov. 20, 2017: End of Insurance Period
- Jan. 15, 2018: Acreage / Production Report Date



Over 40 grape varieties are insurable in these counties:





Grapes in other counties may be insured by written agreement from RMA

NYS Grape Crop Insurance Performance



for every \$1 grape producers spent on crop insurance premiums from 2012 to 2016, **they received \$2.07** in losses paid, on average

Learn more & sign up:

Explore your personalized crop insurance costs and loss payments under different yield outcomes at <u>ag-analytics.org</u>. To sign up, contact a crop insurance agent. Find an agent using the Agent Locator tool at <u>rma.usda.gov/tools/agent.html</u>









PLEASE PARTICIPATE IN THE ONLINE NEWA SURVEY

EDITORS NOTE: NEWA provides weather and pest model information for a large number of commodities across an ever increasing number of states. It is important for grape growers in New York and Pennsylvania to provide your input into this survey so any improvements to the NEWA website are made with the grape industry in mind. While this is a busy time of year, I encourage you to take the 10 minutes out of your busy day to complete this survey.

The Network for Environment and Weather Applications (NEWA) wants you to take our online survey — it'll only take about 10 minutes of your time.

Take the survey now:

https://cornell.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV 0GRIhOIDI5HwbR3

Whether you've used NEWA's online pest forecast models for years or have never used NEWA at all, we will benefit from your responses. Why? Because we are building a new website at newa.cornell.edu, one that'll be as easy to use on your smart phone as on your desktop, and we want to build it *the way you want it to be*.

NEWA is an online agricultural decision support system that uses real time weather data, streamed over the internet from 573 weather stations throughout the Northeast, Midwest and mid-Atlantic. NEWA provides insect and plant disease pest management tools, degree days, and weather information for growers, consultants, Extension educators, faculty, and others.

NEWA models and resources are available free of charge, and are used to make informed localized crop management decisions. The NEWA website will be upgraded soon and we want to know what users', new and old, want and need out of the new website.

All responses are anonymous and confidential and will not be shared with any outside group.

Thank you for participating!

For more information:

Dan Olmstead 315.787.2207 dlo6@cornell.edu

NEWA Coordinator, New York State IPM Program Cornell University, NYSAES 630 West North Street Geneva, NY 14456

NEWA is a Partnership of the New York State Integrated Pest Management Program and the Northeast Regional Climate Center.







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Dave Pieczarka 315.447.0560





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LERGP Links of Interest:

Go to http://lergp.cce.cornell.edu/ for a detailed calendar of events, registration, membership, and to view past and current Crop Updates and Newsletters.

LERGP Web-site:

http://lergp.com/

Cornell Lake Erie Research & Extension Laboratory Facebook page https://www.facebook.com/Cornell-Lake-Erie-Research-and-Extension-Laboratory-678754995584587/?fref=ts

Efficient Vineyard Web-site:

https://www.efficientvineyard.com/

Table for: Insecticides for use in NY and PA:

http://lergp.cce.cornell.edu/submission.php?id=69&crumb=ipm|ipm

Crop Estimation and Thinning Table:

http://nygpadmin.cce.cornell.edu/pdf/submission/pdf65 pdf.pdf

Appellation Cornell Newsletter Index:

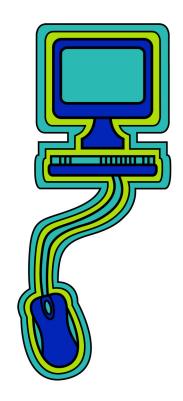
http://grapesandwine.cals.cornell.edu/cals/grapesandwine/appellation-cornell/

Veraison to Harvest newsletters:

http://grapesandwine.cals.cornell.edu/cals/grapesandwine/veraison-to-harvest/index.cfm

NEWA:

http://newa.cornell.edu/





Lake Erie Regional Grape Program Team Members:

Andy Muza, (ajm4@psu.edu)Extension Educator, Erie County, PA Extension, 814.825.0900 Tim Weigle,(thw4@cornell.edu) Grape IPM Extension Associate, NYSIPM, 716.792.2800 ext. 203 Kevin Martin, (kmm52@psu.edu) Business Management Educator, 716. 792.2800 ext. 202

This publication may contain pesticide recommendations. Changes in pesticide regulations occur constantly, and human errors are still possible. Some materials mentioned may not be registered in all states, may no longer be available, and some uses may no longer be legal. Questions concerning the legality and/or registration status for pesticide use should be directed to the appropriate extension agent or state regulatory agency. Read the label before applying any pesticide. Cornell and Penn State Cooperative Extensions, and their employees, assume no liability for the effectiveness or results of any chemicals for pesticide usage. No endorsements of products are made or implied.

Cornell University Cooperative Extension provides equal program and employment opportunities.

Contact the Lake Erie Regional Grape Program if you have any special needs such as visual, hearing or mobility impairments.

CCE does not endorse or recommend any specific product or service.

THE LAKE ERIE REGIONAL GRAPE PROGRAM at CLEREL 6592 West Main Road
Portland, NY 14769
716-792-2800



